

MANAGEMENT PRACTICES FOR COLLECTING SOIL SAMPLES

- 1. Collect soil samples before applying fertilizer or manure in the fall or spring.
- 2. Take soil samples every two to four years, but do so in the same season each time.
- 3. Use whole field sampling only if the field is extremely uniform.
- 4. Use grid sampling when fields are subdivided into small, square grids, ranging from 1-10 acres, with each sample representing a grid.
- 5. Use management zone sampling when fields are divided into management zones based on field history, soil types, yield maps, topography, etc.
- 6. The smaller the area sampled, the more uniform the sample will be.
- 7. Take core samples at a 6-inch depth with a soil probe.
- 8. Collect samples from a combination of locations within each area in the row, between the rows and midway between the rows.
- 9. Each sample should consist of 10-20 soil cores that are thoroughly mixed before filling the plastic-lined soil sample bag.
- 10. Send properly labeled soil samples to a soil testing lab that has been certified by the state department of agriculture or other valid certifying entity.

Sources: Iowa State University Extension, NRCS